Ec 822 Microeconometrics

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Reading List and Course Outline
(Spring 1998)

Required book (available at the bookstore):
Microeconometrics Packet
G.S. Maddala Limited Dependent and Qualitative Variables in Econometrics
P. Allison Event History Analysis
C. Hsiao Analysis of Panel Data
C. Manski Identification Problems in the Social Sciences (buy in groups)
A. Lancaster The Econometric Analysis of Transition Data

Reference books
W. Greene Econometric Analysis
T. Amemiya Advanced Econometrics

The reading list includes required readings and references for further reading, indicated by an asterisk (*). The required readings are in the required text or in the reading packet and must be read before coming to class. The references include alternative treatments of the topic in other textbooks and the seminal articles from which this literature has developed.

The grade for the course will be based on

1. Computer exercises (10%)
2. Midterm exam (30%)
3. Paper (25%)
4. Final exam (35%)

The paper will use one of the tools developed in this course. It should be in the format and style used in economics journals such as the American Economic Review or Review of Economics and Statistics. The paper can be on any topic you chose, but I would advise against a topic that requires new data collection. This is, however, a good opportunity to get to learn how to use a large data set, such as the Panel Study of Income Dynamics, which you may want to use in your dissertation. The paper is due by 6:00 PM in my box on the last scheduled day of classes. Your grade will be reduced by ten percentage points for each day late.
Reading List

I Estimation of Nonlinear Statistical Models

Estimation by Maximum Likelihood and Method of Moments

Theory:
Judge et al The Theory and Practice of Econometrics (first edition)
17.1-17.2 ('Nonlinear Statistical Models' is chapter 17 in this edition. Other editions cover the same material in different editions)
Hamilton "Generalized Method of Moments" in Time Series Analysis Ch 14 (skip 422-426)

Applications:
Abowd and Card, "On the Covariance Structure of Earnings and Hours Changes" Econometrica 1989

Computational Methods
Judge et al 17.3-17.3.5
Hamilton, Numerical Optimization (5.7 from Time Series Analysis)
*Gill, Murray and Wright Practical Optimization Ch 4

II Qualitative and Censored Dependent Variables

Parametric Models
Discrete Choice Models
Linear Methods--Grouped Data and Linear Probability model
Maddala ch 1 and 2.1-2.4; 2.8-2.9

Probit and Logit
Maddala ch 1 and 2.1-2.6
*Amemiya 9.1-9.2

Multinomial Qualitative Response Models (Y=0,1,2...)
Maddala 2.12 and 3.1
*Amemiya 9.3

Multivariate Qualitative Response Models (Y1=0,1; Y2=0,1...)
Amemiya 9.4
Tunali ,"A Common Structure for Models of Double Selection" Research In Labor Economics 1986 part B
*Maddala Ch 5; 9.6
Selection Models

Tobit Model
Maddala 6.1-6.7
*Amemiya 10.1- 10.5

Generalized Tobit Model
Maddala 6.9 and Ch 8
*Amemiya 10.6- 10.10
*Heckman "Sample Selection Bias as Specification Error" Econometrica 1979

Application
Heckman "What Has Been Learned about Labor Supply in the Past Twenty Years?" American Economic Review May 1993

Endogenous Switching and Mixture Models
Maddala 9.7-9.8

Simultaneous Probit and Tobit
Heckman "Dummy Endogenous Variables in Simultaneous Equation Systems" Econometrica 1978

Sample Weights as Correction to Endogenous Selection
Hauseman and Wise "Stratification on Endogenous Variables and Estimation" in Manski and McFadden (eds) Structural Analysis of Discrete Data

III Non-parametric and Semi-Parametric Methods

Non-parametric regression
Deaton "Introduction to Non-parametric Methods" in Data and Econometrics for Development
Hardle Applied Nonparametric Regression, Ch 1,2,3 through 3.2

Non-parametric and semi-parametric limited dependent variable
Manski, Nonparametric Bounds on Treatment Effects" American Economic Review 80(2) 1990

Application
Engberg and Kim "Person or Place? Parametric and Semiparametric Estimates of Intra-metropolitan Earnings Variation" IPR DP #1089-96

Identification as a General Concept
Manski Identification Problems in the Social Sciences Ch 1-4
IV Panel Data

Random and Fixed Effects Models
Linear Models (Y continuous)
Specification and Estimation
Green Ch 16 to 16.4.4
Hsiao Ch 1-3
*Amemiya 6.6

Application
Moffitt and Gottschalk "Changes in the Covarinace Structure of Earnings" IRP Working Paper no 1001-93
Angrist "The Effect of Veterans Benefits on Veterans' Education and Earnings"

Special Problems

Testing cov (X’e)=0 in Random Effects Model
Greene 16.4.4 and 16.4.5
*Chamberlain Handbook of Econometrics Ch 22, Sec 1,2

Lagged Dependent and Initial Conditions Problem when T small
Hsiao 4.1- 4.3
*Amemiya 6.6.3
*Balestra and Nerlove "Pooling Cross Section and Time Series Data in the Estimation of a Dynamic Model" Econometrica 1966

Grouped Cross Sectional Data as Panel Data
Moulton "Random Group Effects and the Precision of Regression Estimates"
Gottschalk and Lang "Relative Efficiency of Grouped Data Estimators"
*Amemiya "A Note on a Random Coefficient Model"

Nonlinear Models (Discrete Choice Panel models)

Hsiao Ch 7
Maddala "Limited Dependent Variable Models Using Panel Data" JHR (Summer 1987)
*Chamberlain Handbook of Econometrics Ch22, Sec 3.1 and 3.2
*Heckman "Statistical Models for Discrete Panel Data" in Structural Analysis of Discrete Data
*Chamberlain Handbook of Econometrics Ch22, Sec 3.3
V Event History Models

Basic Model
Allison Ch.1-4
Lancaster Ch 1, 2, 3 (skip 3.4-3.5)
Allison "Discrete Time Methods for the Analysis of Event Histories" Sociological Methodology 1982
*Amemiya Ch 11
*Miller 1-2;6.1
*Kiefer, N. "Economic Duration Data and the Hazard Functions" Journal of Economic Literature 1988

Special Problems
Heterogeneity versus state dependence
Lancaster 4 ;7.1-7.3
*Vaupel and Yashin "The Deviant Dynamics of Death in Heterogeneous Populations"

Multiple and Repeated Outcomes
Allison Ch.5-6
*Lancaster Ch 5
*H. David and M. Moeschberger The Theory of Competing Risks

VI Instrumental Variables and Natural Experiments
James Heckman “Instrumental Variables”, Journal of Human Resources Summer 1997 (not in packet)
Angrist and Krueger "Does Compulsory School Attendance Affect Schooling and Earnings?" QJE 1991 vol 106 979-1014.(and NBER WP 3572)
Bound Jaeger and Baker "The Cure Can Be Worse than the Disease" NBER Technical Paper 137
Angrist and Krueger "Split Sample Instrumental Variables" NBER Technical Paper no 150.

VII Misc topics (readings to be added)
A. Quantile Regression
B. Measurement Error
C. Missing data (see Green)
D. Classical tests
Guidelines for Empirical Paper

The term paper for Microeconometrics should be well-written and should use techniques developed in this course. The objective is to have you write a short (5-7 page) paper which demonstrates your ability both to do sound empirical work and to write the results in a professional way. The paper will be graded equally on the basis of presentation and the level of the econometrics (a correct application of Probit is less demanding than a correct application of more complex models).

The paper should be your own work and should be written for this course. If you submit this paper (or any part of it) for another course, you are required to notify both professors and to footnote the fact that this is a joint submission.

Empirical papers typically contain four sections:

• The first section clearly states the question being asked. Don't start with weak statements such as "Estimating the labor supply effects of transfer programs is a very important topic". This statement imparts no information.

• The second section provides a formal description of the statistical model, including assumptions about the error structure and a discussion of identification. Write the model in terms of generic Y's X's and Z's or very simple notation (e.g., I_{it} for income of person i in year t), rather than the particular variables that you will use (e.g., ADJFAMINC). This helps clarify the econometric structure.

• The third section describes the data and variable definitions. Avoid using acronyms.

• The fourth section provides results. Tables should be self-contained and understandable without reference to definitions used in the text. This requires that tables have clear headings and that variable names be readily understood. For an example of the layout of tables see Rebecca Blank's paper "Analyzing the Length of Welfare Stalls " which is on the reading list.

You can clearly depart from this generic structure, but be sure that there is a logical and consistent development of ideas. I also strongly encourage you to use headings. These help guide the reader and discipline the writer's organization.

You should attach computer output which generated the results described in the paper. Circle and label the results so that I can easily match the output with the numbers in the paper.