log: /Users/baum/Desktop/Downloads/ec327surv.smcl
log type: smcl
opened on: 22 Apr 2007, 16:36:10

// Example 1: Cox PH model, uncensored datawebuse kva (Generator experiment)

. // electrical generators' time to failure

. // at various levels of overload, with old (0) or new (1) style bearings

. 1, sep(0)

	failtime	load	bearings
1.	100	15	0
2.	140	15	1
3.	97	20	0
4.	122	20	1
5.	84	25	0
6.	100	25	1
7.	54	30	0
8.	52	30	1
9.	40	35	0
10.	55	35	1
11.	22	40	0
12.	30	40	1

. stset failtime

failure event: (assumed to fail at time=failtime)
obs. time interval: (0, failtime]
exit on or before: failure

12 total obs.
0 exclusions

12 obs. remaining, representing

12 failures in single record/single failure data

last observed exit t = 140

```
. stcox load bearings
         failure d: 1 (meaning all fail)
   analysis time _t: failtime
Iteration 0:
               log likelihood = -20.274897
               log likelihood = -10.515114
Iteration 1:
Iteration 2:
               log likelihood = -8.8700259
Iteration 3:
               log likelihood = -8.5915211
Iteration 4:
               log likelihood = -8.5778991
Iteration 5:
               log likelihood = -8.577853
Refining estimates:
Iteration 0:
               log likelihood = -8.577853
Cox regression -- Breslow method for ties
No. of subjects =
                            12
                                                   Number of obs
                                                                             12
                                                                    =
No. of failures =
                            12
Time at risk
                =
                           896
                                                   LR chi2(2)
                                                                          23.39
Log likelihood =
                                                   Prob > chi2
                                                                         0.0000
                     -8.577853
                                                                    =
                                                           [95% Conf. Interval]
               Haz. Ratio
                            Std. Err.
                                                P>|z|
          _t
                                           z
        load
                  1.52647
                            .2188172
                                         2.95
                                                0.003
                                                           1.152576
                                                                       2.021653
```

. // controlling for overload, the new-style bearings reduce hazard

.0746609

. // (hazard ratio < 1) and lead to a longer survival time

.

bearings

. // Example 2: Cox PH model, censored data . webuse drugtr, clear (Patient Survival in Drug Trial)

.0636433

. // Of the 48 cancer patients, 28 receive treatment (drug=1). Time to death

0.019

-2.35

.0063855

.6343223

. // is measured in months. studytime is the month of death or the last month . // observed, if right-censored. died=1 indicates patient deaths.

. stset studytime, failure(died)

failure event: died != 0 & died < .
obs. time interval: (0, studytime]
exit on or before: failure</pre>

48 total obs. 0 exclusions 48 obs. remaining, representing **31** failures in single record/single failure data 744 total analysis time at risk, at risk from t = 0 earliest observed entry t = 0 last observed exit t = 39 . stcox drug age, basesurv(s) basehc(h) failure _d: died analysis time _t: studytime Iteration 0: log likelihood = -99.911448 log likelihood = -83.551879 Iteration 1: Iteration 2: log likelihood = -83.324009 log likelihood = -83.323546 Iteration 3: Refining estimates: Iteration 0: log likelihood = -83.323546 Cox regression -- Breslow method for ties No. of subjects = Number of obs 48 = 48 No. of failures = 31 Time at risk 744 LR chi2(2) 33.18 = 0.0000 Log likelihood = Prob > chi2 -83.323546 = _t Haz. Ratio Std. Err. z P>|z| [95% Conf. Interval]

drug 0.002 1.120325 .0417711 3.05 1.041375 1.20526 age

-4.96

0.000

.0430057

.2557622

. // The drug results in a lower hazard (longer survival time) while older

. // patients are more likely to die.

.1048772

. stcurve,survival at1(drug=0) at2(drug=1) saving(surv1,replace)

.0477017

(file surv1.gph saved)

```
. graph display, ysize(7) xsize(9)
. graph export surv1.pdf, replace
. stcurve, hazard at1(drug=0) at2(drug=1) yscale(log) saving(surv2,replace)
(file surv2.gph saved)
. graph display, ysize(7) xsize(9)
. graph export surv2.pdf, replace
. // the smoothed log(hazard) functions are parallel given the PH model
. // Example 3: Cox PH model, discrete time-varying covariates
. webuse stan3, clear
(Heart transplant data)
. // 103 patients admitted to Stanford heart transplant program.
. // Two-thirds received a transplant. Some patients died while waiting
. // or left the program. Patients receiving transplants have two records
. // the second with posttran=1) so that covariate is time-varying.
. // surg indicates that the patient had had prior heart surgery.
. stset t1, failure(died) id(id)
                id: id
    failure event: died != 0 & died < .</pre>
obs. time interval: (t1[_n-1], t1]
exit on or before: failure
      172 total obs.
       0 exclusions
      172 obs. remaining, representing
      103 subjects
      75 failures in single failure-per-subject data
 31938.1 total analysis time at risk, at risk from t =
                                                                 0
                            earliest observed entry t =
                                                                 0
                                  last observed exit t =
                                                             1799
. stcox age posttran surgery year, basesurv(s)
         failure d: died
   analysis time t: t1
                 id:
                     id
Iteration 0:
               log likelihood = -298.31514
Iteration 1:
              log likelihood = -289.7344
Iteration 2:
               log likelihood = -289.53498
Iteration 3:
               log likelihood = -289.53378
              log likelihood = -289.53378
Iteration 4:
Refining estimates:
Iteration 0:
              log likelihood = -289.53378
```

Cox regression -- Breslow method for ties

No. of subjec No. of failur		103 75		Numb	er of obs	=	172
Time at risk Log likelihoo	= 319: d = -289.5:				hi2(4) > chi2	=	17.56 0.0015
_t	Haz. Ratio	Std. Err.	Z	P> z	[95% Cor	nf.	Interval]
age posttran surgery year	1.030224 .9787243 .3738278 .8873107	.0143201 .3032597 .163204 .059808	2.14 -0.07 -2.25 -1.77	0.032 0.945 0.024 0.076	1.002536 .5332291 .1588759 .7775022	, L J	1.058677 1.796416 .8796 1.012628

. // Older patients have higher hazards. Patients tend to do better over

. // time (year) and if they had had prior surgery. Whether a patient

. // receives a transplant does not significantly affect the hazard rate.

```
. stcoxkm, by(surgery) m(O O S T) msize(small small small small) saving(surv3,repla
> ce)
```

```
failure _d: died
analysis time _t: t1
id: id
(file surv3.gph saved)
```

. graph display, ysize(7) xsize(9)

```
. graph export surv3.pdf, replace
```

```
. // Example 4: Weibull model, uncensored data
. webuse kva, clear
(Generator experiment)
```

```
. // electrical generators' time to failure
. streg load bearings, distribution(weibull)
```

```
failure _d: 1 (meaning all fail)
analysis time _t: failtime
```

Fitting constant-only model:

```
Iteration 0: log likelihood = -13.666193
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -9.7427276
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -9.4421169
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -9.4408287
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -9.4408286
```

Fitting full model:

Iteration 0: Iteration 1: Iteration 2: Iteration 3: Iteration 4: Iteration 5: Iteration 6: Weibull regres	log likelih log likelih log likelih log likelih log likelih log likelih	ood = -9.440 ood = -2.07 ood = 5.222 ood = 5.674 ood = 5.693 ood = 5.693 ood = 5.693 ood = 5.693 ood = 5.693	8323 6016 5808 4031 4189 4189			
No. of subject No. of failure Time at risk	es =	12 12 896		Numbe	rofobs =	= 12
Log likelihoo					i2(2) = > chi2 =	= 30.27 = 0.0000
t	Haz. Ratio	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf.	Interval]
load bearings	1.599315 .1887995	.1883807 .1312109	3.99 -2.40	0.000 0.016	1.269616 .0483546	2.014631 .7371644
/ln_p	2.051552	.2317074	8.85	0.000	1.597414	2.505691
p 1/p	7.779969 .1285352				4.940241 .0816192	12.25202 .2024193

. // relative to the Cox PH model estimated above, the parametric model's

. // estimate of p >1 means that the hazard of failure increases

. // (dramatically) with time.

. predict time, time

(option median time assumed; predicted median time)

. // display predicted median time to failure and actual survival time

. 1 failtime time, sep(0)

	failtime	time
1.	100	127.5586
2.	140	158.0407
3.	97	94.32922
4.	122	116.8707
5.	84	69.75619
6.	100	86.42554
7.	54	51.5845
8.	52	63.91145
9.	40	38.1466
10.	55	47.26233
11.	22	28.2093
12.	30	34.95036

•	
. log close	
log:	/Users/baum/Desktop/Downloads/ec327surv.smcl
log type:	smcl
closed on:	22 Apr 2007, 16:36:24





