

Mathematics 210
Homework 8
Due Friday, November 14, 2 PM

Please note that this homework is due at 2 PM. No late homework can be accepted. You must turn in your answers by the start of class on Friday.

1. Let $H_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbf{R}^4 : a + b + c = 0, a - b + c = 0, b + 2c = 0 \right\}$. Find a basis for H_1 and find the dimension of H_1 .

2. Let $H_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbf{R}^3 : 3a + 2b + c = 0 \right\}$. Find a basis for H_2 , and find the dimension of H_2 .

3. Let $\mathcal{B}_1 = \{1, 2t, 4t^2 - 2t, 8t^3 - 12t^2\}$ be a basis for \mathbf{P}_3 . Find $[5t^2 - 3t]_{\mathcal{B}_1}$. (This means the coordinate vector of $5t^2 - 3t$ relative to the basis \mathcal{B}_1 .)

4. Let $\mathcal{B}_1 = \{1, 2t, 4t^2 - 2t, 8t^3 - 12t^2\}$ be a basis for \mathbf{P}_3 . Let $\mathcal{E} = \{1, t, t^2, t^3\}$. Find the matrices $P_{\mathcal{B}_1 \leftarrow \mathcal{E}}$ and $P_{\mathcal{E} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}_1}$.

5. Suppose that $\mathbf{a}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{a}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{b}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\mathbf{b}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Let $\mathcal{A} = \{\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2\}$ and $\mathcal{B} = \{\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_2\}$. Find the matrices $P_{\mathcal{B} \leftarrow \mathcal{A}}$ and $P_{\mathcal{A} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}}$.

6. The matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ has an eigenvalue $\lambda = 3$. Find a basis of the eigenspace for λ .

7. Show that λ is an eigenvalue for A if and only if λ is an eigenvalue for A^T . *Hint:* Consider $A - \lambda I$ and $A^T - \lambda I$.

8. Suppose that A is an n -by- n matrix so that every row adds up to the same number s . Show that s is an eigenvalue for A by finding an eigenvector for A .

9. Suppose that B is an n -by- n matrix so that every column adds up to the same number s . Combine the previous two problems to show that s is an eigenvalue for B .

10. Suppose that A is a matrix, and $A^2 = 0$. Show that the only possible eigenvalue for A is 0.