

Mathematics 216  
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 Homework 11  
 Answers

1. Use the Euclidean algorithm to compute the greatest common divisor  $d$  of 3780 and 4342, and find integers  $m$  and  $n$  so that  $d = 3780m + 4342n$ .

*Answer:* We have

$$\begin{aligned}
 4342 &= 1 \cdot 3780 + 562 \\
 3780 &= 6 \cdot 562 + 408 \\
 562 &= 1 \cdot 408 + 154 \\
 408 &= 2 \cdot 154 + 100 \\
 154 &= 1 \cdot 100 + 54 \\
 100 &= 1 \cdot 54 + 46 \\
 54 &= 1 \cdot 46 + 8 \\
 46 &= 5 \cdot 8 + 6 \\
 8 &= 1 \cdot 6 + 2 \\
 6 &= 3 \cdot 2
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the greatest common divisor is 2, and we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 &= 1 \cdot 8 && + (-1)(6) \\
 &= 1 \cdot 8 && + (-1)(46 - 5 \cdot 8) \\
 &= 6 \cdot 8 && + (-1)(46) \\
 &= 6 \cdot (54 - 46) && + (-1)(46) \\
 &= 6 \cdot 54 && + (-7)(46) \\
 &= 6 \cdot 54 && + (-7)(100 - 54) \\
 &= 13 \cdot 54 && + (-7)(100) \\
 &= 13 \cdot (154 - 100) && + (-7)(100) \\
 &= 13 \cdot 154 && + (-20)(100) \\
 &= 13 \cdot 154 && + (-20)(408 - 2 \cdot 154) \\
 &= 53 \cdot 154 && + (-20)(408) \\
 &= 53 \cdot (562 - 408) && + (-20)(408) \\
 &= 53 \cdot 562 && + (-73)(408) \\
 &= 53 \cdot 562 && + (-73)(3780 - 6 \cdot 562) \\
 &= 491 \cdot 562 && + (-73)(3780) \\
 &= 491 \cdot (4342 - 3780) && + (-73)(3780) \\
 &= 491 \cdot 4342 && + (-564)(3780)
 \end{aligned}$$

One answer is  $m = -564$  and  $n = 491$ .

2. Recall that we defined the Fermat numbers  $f_n$  with the formula  $f_n = 2^{2^n} + 1$  if  $n \geq 0$ , and proved that  $f_0 f_1 f_2 \cdots f_n + 2 = f_{n+1}$ . Use this formula to show that if  $m < n$ , then  $f_m$  and  $f_n$  are relatively prime.

*Answer:* We know from the formula that  $f_0 f_1 \cdots f_{n-1} + 2 = f_n$ . Because  $m < n$ , we know that  $f_m$  occurs in the product on the left-hand side of the equation. Suppose now that  $d$  is a positive number which divides both  $f_m$  and  $f_n$ . Then the equation says that  $d|2$ , and so  $d = 1$  or  $d = 2$ . But all of the Fermat numbers are odd, so we cannot have  $d = 2$ . As a consequence, the only positive divisor of  $f_m$  and  $f_n$  is 1, showing that  $(f_m, f_n) = 1$ .