

Name

Please label your answers clearly, as I will not have time to perform extensive searches for answers. When you are finished with the exam, please put this examination inside of the blue booklet. No credit will be given for answers without explanations.

Calculators are not permitted on this examination.

Cheating will result in a failing grade.

The problems are not arranged in order of increasing difficulty, so you might want to read all of them before beginning.

1. (20 points) Consider the following linear programming problem:

Maximize 5x + 3y subject to:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
x + 3y \leq 15 \\
x - 2y \leq 0 \\
2x + y \leq 10 \\
x, y \geq 0
\end{array}$$

- a. Graph the feasible region for this problem. Find the coordinates of all of the corner points of the region.
- b. Find the optimal solution to this problem, using either the corner point method or graphing an isoprofit line. State the values of x, y, and the objective function.

-										~					v			
														_				
		-			-						_			_				
	-		<u> </u>				<u> </u>											_
									 									_
			-								_		_	_				
												_	_	_				
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>										_	
		_	<u> </u>		_		<u> </u>					_		_			_	
																		_
																		-
	 -		-				-								-		_	
			<u> </u>				<u> </u>											

2. (20 points) **Rob's Select Whiskey Company** sells two different types of whiskey: **regular** and **premium**. Both are manufactured by blending raw alcohol, barrel-aged whiskey, flavoring extract, and caramel coloring, and both are sold in 750ml bottles.

A bottle of regular whiskey consists of 500ml of alcohol, 240ml of aged whiskey, 8ml of caramel, and 2ml of flavoring extract. A bottle of premium whiskey consists of 100ml of alcohol, 645 ml of aged whiskey, 1ml of caramel, and 4ml of flavoring extract. The profit on a bottle of regular whiskey is \$3.45. The profit on a bottle of premium whiskey is \$4.80.

There are 40L of raw alcohol, 50L of barrel-aged whiskey, 10L of caramel, and 2L of flavoring extract available. (There are 1000ml in 1L.)

Formulate a linear programming model to help Rob's Select maximize profit. Your model should clearly define all decision variables, state the objective function, and include all relevant constraints. You should not try to solve the problem after you formulate it.

3. (20 points) Giselle's Perfumerie sells perfume, bath water, and eau de cologne by blending together alcohol and scents. Perfume contains is 90% alcohol and 10% scents. Bath water is 85% alcohol and 15% scents. Eau de cologne is 80% alcohol and 20% scents. The respective profits on the three products are \$1.20, \$1.10, and \$0.95 per 1L bottle. Giselle's has on hand right now 5,000L of alcohol and 750ml of scent. Note: 1L=1000ml.

I started to solve this problem using *Excel* and *Solver*. Here is an incomplete Excel spreadsheet that contains my partial solution:

	Α	В	С	D
1	Giselle's			
2				
3		Alcohol	Scents	Profit
4	Perfume	0.90	0.10	
5	Bath water		0.15	1.10
6	Eau de cologne		0.20	0.95
7				
8		Amount		
9	Perfume			
10	Bath water			
11	Eau de cologne			
12				Available
13	Alcohol		<=	5000
14	Scent		<=	
15				
16				
17	Profit:			

Your job is to finish the spreadsheet by filling in the missing entries. If you think that the cells should not have any entries, write the words "No entry" in the cell. No credit will be given for any cells left completely blank.

Cell	Entry
D4	
B5	
B6	
B9	
B10	
B11	
B13	
B14	
D14	
B17	

4. (20 points) **Corazzo's** manufactures pork sausage in 2,000-pound batches by blending pork, beef, and filler. The cost of pork is \$2.50/lb, the cost of beef is \$1.80/lb, and the cost of filler is \$1.00/lb. Each batch must contain:

- 1. At least 800 pounds of pork
- 2. At least 300 pounds of beef
- 3. No more than 30% filler.

I wrote an *Excel* spreadsheet to solve the problem of making a batch of sausage at minimal cost. The resulting sensitivity report is:

Variable Cells

Name	Final Value	Reduced Cost	Objective Coefficient		Allowable Decrease
Pork	800	0	2.50	1E+30	0.7
Beef	600	0	1.80	0.7	0.8
Filler	600	0	1.00	0.8	1E+30

Constraints

	Final	Shadow	Constraint	Allowable	Allowable	
Name	Value	Price	R.H. Side	Increase	Decrease	
Beef minimum	600	0.00	300	300	1E+30	
Pork minimum	800	0.70	800	300	800	
Filler maximum	600	-0.80	600	300	600	
Batch size	2000	1.56	2000	1E+30	428.5714	

Based on this sensitivity report, write your answers to the following questions on the facing page or the back of this page. No credit will be given for answers without explanations. You may not be able to answer all of these questions with the information available; in that case, indicate that no answer is possible.

- a. What is the optimal solution to this problem? In other words, how should Corazzo's put together a 2,000-pound batch of sausage in order to minimize costs, and what is the resulting cost of the batch of sausage?
- b. Which constraints are binding?

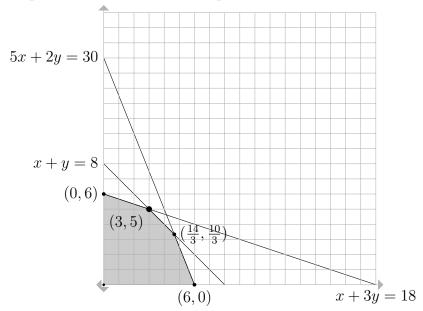
Each of the following questions poses an independent "what-if" scenario.

- c. If the minimum amount of beef in each batch changed to 200 pounds, say as much as possible about what would happen to the cost of a batch and the optimal solution.
- d. If the minimum amount of pork in each batch changed to 1,000 pounds, say as much as possible about what would happen to the cost of a batch and the optimal solution.
- e. Suppose that the cost of a pound of pork changed to 2/1b. Say as much as possible about what would happen to the cost of a batch of sausage and the optimal solution.
- f. Suppose that the cost of a pound of beef changed to 1.50/lb. Say as much as possible about what would happen to the cost and the optimal solution.
- g. Suppose that the batch size decreased to 1,500 pounds, without changing the minimum requirements for pork and beef or the maximum requirement for filler. What would be the new minimal cost of a batch of sausage, and what happens to the optimal solution?
- h. Suppose that the batch size increased to 2,500 pounds, without changing the minimum requirements for pork and beef or the maximum requirement for filler. What would be the new minimal cost of a batch of sausage, and what happens to the optimal solution?

5. (20 points) Consider the following linear programming problem: Maximize 4x + 7y subject to:

$$5x + 2y \le 30$$
$$x + y \le 8$$
$$x + 3y \le 18$$
$$x, y > 0$$

When I solved the problem, I found that the optimal solution occurs when x = 3 and y = 5.



- a. Suppose that the coefficient of y in the objective function changes. If we write the objective function as 4x + Cy, for what range of values of C will the optimal solution remain x = 3 and y = 5?
- b. What is the shadow price of the constraint  $x + 3y \le 18$ ? For what range of values on the right-hand side of the constraint is this shadow price valid?