| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |

Mathematics 235
Examination 2
April 1, 2011
Name $\qquad$
Please label your answers clearly, as I will not have time to perform extensive searches for answers. No credit will be given for answers without explanations.

Graphing calculators are not permitted on this examination.
Cheating will result in a failing grade.
The problems are not arranged in order of increasing difficulty, so you might want to read all of them before beginning.

1. (25 points) Ahab's Tea Company has pension payments to make at the start of each of the next few years:

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payment (thousands of dollars) | 0 | 141 | 131 | 120 |

Note that no money is due at the start of the current year.
Ahab can choose from two investments, both of which are only available right now:

| Security | Current Price | Rate (\%) | Years to Maturity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\$ 1,025$ | 5.2 | 2 |
| B | $\$ 1,015$ | 4.5 | 3 |

The par value of each of the bonds is $\$ 1,000$. Ahab can also put money into a savings account, which pays $1 \%$ annually. Bonds may not be purchased in fractional amounts.

Formulate an integer linear program to minimize the amount of money which Ahab must set aside (including bond purchases) to meet these obligations. Do not try to solve the problem.
2. (25 points) Deathwish Transportation runs a bus each morning from Providence to Manhattan, and another one from Albany to Manhattan. Both of the vehicles then continue to Washington, DC:


Each of the two vehicles holds up to 80 passengers. The demand and price for the tickets are:

| Route | Demand | Ticket Price |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Providence-Manhattan | 57 | $\$ 25$ |
| Albany-Manhattan | 43 | $\$ 22$ |
| Providence-Washington | 44 | $\$ 45$ |
| Albany-Washington | 46 | $\$ 45$ |
| Manhattan-Washington | 50 | $\$ 30$ |

Deathwish will not sell fractional tickets, and wishes to maximize ticket revenue.
Formulate a linear program to solve this problem. Be sure to tell me what each of your variables stands for, and mention whether any of them are integer-valued or binary. List all of the constraints, and indicate the objective function clearly. Do not try to solve the problem after you formulate it.
3. (25 points) Jill's Candy Company manufactures popcorn, cotton candy, and peanuts. The profit per box and weekly demand for each of these is given in the chart, along with the set-up cost to manufacture each of the three candies:

|  | Profit/box | Demand | Set-up cost |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Popcorn | $\$ 2.34$ | 1200 | $\$ 250$ |
| Cotton candy | $\$ 1.90$ | 1500 | $\$ 200$ |
| Peanuts | $\$ 1.75$ | 1600 | $\$ 150$ |

Remember that the set-up cost is the fixed cost to set up the production line to manufacture a particular item.

Jill can manufacture a total of 2500 boxes each week, so not all of the demands can be met. Jill cannot manufacture any fractional boxes of candy.

Formulate up a linear programming problem that tells how many boxes of popcorn, cotton candy, and peanuts Jill should manufacture in order to meet as much demand as possible and maximize her net profit (that is, the difference between her profit and her set-up costs). Be sure to tell me what each of your variables stands for, and mention whether any of them are integer-valued or binary. List all of the constraints, and indicate the objective function clearly. Do not try to solve the problem after you formulate it.
4. (25 points) Eden Apples manufactures two products: applesauce and apple juice. The cost of manufacturing a jar of applesauce is $\$ 0.60$, and the cost of manufacturing a jar of apple juice is $\$ 0.85$. Eden sells each jar of applesauce for $\$ 1.45$, and each jar of apple juice for $\$ 1.75$.

Without any advertising, the demand for applesauce is 5,000 jars, and the demand for apple juice is 4,000 jars. Eden advertises each product separately. Each dollar spent on advertising applesauce increases sales by 3 jars, and each dollar spent on advertising apple juice increases sales by 5 jars. The advertising budget is $\$ 16,000$. Eden must spend a minimum of $\$ 5,000$ advertising each product.

I solved this problem using Excel and Solver, and here is a slightly modified version of the sensitivity report:

Variable Cells

| Name | Final <br> Value | Reduced <br> Cost | Objective <br> Coefficient | Allowable <br> Increase | Allowable <br> Decrease |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Applesauce | 20000 | 0 | 0.85 | 0.65 | 0.85 |
| Juice | 59000 | 0 | 0.90 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ | 0.39 |
| Advertising: Applesauce | 5000 | 0 | -1 | 1.95 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ |
| Advertising: Juice | 11000 | 0 | -1 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ | 1.95 |

Constraints

| Name | Final <br> Value | Shadow <br> Price | Constraint <br> R.H. Side | Allowable <br> Increase | Allowable <br> Decrease |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Applesauce Adver. Min. | 5000 | -1.95 | 5000 | 6000 | 5000 |
| Juice Adver. Min. | 11000 | 0 | 5000 | 6000 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ |
| Advertising budget | 16000 | 3.50 | 16000 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ | 16000 |
| Applesauce demand | 20000 | 0.85 | 20000 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ | 20000 |
| Juice demand | 59000 | 0.90 | 59000 | $1 \mathrm{E}+30$ | 59000 |

Use only the sensitivity report to answer these question. Write your answers to the following questions on the facing page or the back of this page. No credit will be given for answers without explanations. You may not be able to answer all of these questions with the information available; in that case, indicate that no answer is possible.
$a$. What is the optimal solution to this problem? In other words, how many jars of each product should Eden make, and how much should Eden spend advertising each product?
b. What is Eden's revenue?

Each of the following questions poses an independent "what-if" scenario.
c. Suppose that Eden had $\$ 4,000$ additional dollars to spend on advertising. Should they be spent? If so, what will happen to the profit and optimal solution?
d. Suppose that Eden removed the advertising minimum of $\$ 5,000$ for each product. Can you tell from the sensitivity report what would happen to the profit and the optimal solution? If so, what is the answer?
$e$. Suppose that Eden decreases the price of a jar of applesauce to $\$ 1.25$. Can you tell what will happen to the optimal solution and the profit?
f. Suppose that a temporary manufacturing problem increases Eden's cost of manufacturing a jar of apple juice from $\$ 0.85$ to $\$ 1.30$. What will happen to the optimal solution and profit?

